Comments on

Effects of Policy Incentives and the Geography of Exports to Foster Innovation in Canadian Firms

Ram Acharya

Department of Innovation, Science and Economic Development, Canada

Objectives

- To analyze the impact of public policy initiatives on firms' innovation
- To analyze the interplay of innovation with the geography of exports
 - Both objectives are addressed by differentiating manufacturing and service sectors

Data

- Canadian Survey of Innovation and Business Strategy (SIBS)
 2009 and 2012
 - Both surveys have similar questions (but not the same firms except a few?).
- Number of surveyed firms: 6,233 (in 2009) and 7,818 (in 2012)
- Regression sample: 4,024 (2009) and 4,285 (2012)

Estimating Equations

$$Innovation = \sum_{s=1}^{3} \beta_{s} Size + \underbrace{\beta_{HC}CAN + \beta_{HU}USEU + \beta_{s} Subsidiary}_{HQ}$$

$$+ \beta_{c} Competition + \underbrace{\beta_{0G}Offshore + \beta_{0S}Offshore}_{Offshoring}$$

$$+ \underbrace{\beta_{p1}Grants + \beta_{p2}TaxCrddit + \beta_{p3}IRAP + \beta_{p4}XIncentive}_{Policy\ variables}$$

$$Log\left(\frac{InnovationExpenditure}{Emp}\right) \\ = \underbrace{\beta_{C}CAN + \beta_{P}Prov + \beta_{L}Local}_{Domestic\ Markets} + \underbrace{\beta_{US}US + \beta_{EU}EU + \beta_{A}ASIA}_{Foreign\ Markets} \\ + \beta_{p1}Grants + \beta_{p2}TaxCrddit + \beta_{p3}IRAP + \beta_{p4}XIncentive$$

Policy variables

Results

- These two regressions are run for
 - all sample
 - manufacturing and
 - services separately and
 - also for 2009 and 2012 data separately
- 3 sectors \times 2 equations \times 2 years = 12 regressions.
- Results: Nothing that clearly stands out; depend on which year, which sector and so on!

Comments

- Data limitation: For research on deeper issues
 - Cross section / mostly binary and qualitative responses
 - Using two years of data does not help, rather weakens the paper
 - Focus on recent year (2012) and broaden the questions or the robustness of the data
- Data broadening: Linking SIBS with other variables
- Content: Message
 - Focus: first 14 pages of discussion can be substantially cut
 - long discussion of government role and innovation across different countries
 - literature quoted too frequently and without any common thread

Comments

Estimation:

- When it comes to the core, the paper ends too quick (rationale of variables, reference for dummy, what does the coefficients mean etc.)
- overplays the difference between manufacturing and services
- overplays with dummies (why so many of them in one go, what happens if the same firm is have unity in few dummies?)
- Why not run regression on just government policy variables first then interact other dummy variables with those that are significant, one at a time
- same with geography: start with domestic vs. exporting firms (one dummy) extend logically

How does it contribute to the literature?

Thank you!